

Chemistry
Standard level
Paper 1B

Practice paper

Topic: Redox Processes

Chemistry

Standard level

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Specimen paper

45 minutes

Instructions to candidates

- Answer all questions.
- Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- A calculator is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for paper 1B is [20 marks].

Section B

1. The Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) of a water sample was determined using the Winkler method. A 100 cm³ sample of water was treated to fix the dissolved oxygen, followed by titration of the liberated iodine with 0.050 mol dm⁻³ sodium thiosulfate (Na₂S₂O₃). The following titration results were recorded over 5 days.

Parameter	Day 0 Sample	Day 5 Sample
Volume of water sample / cm ³	100.0	100.0
Titre of Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ / cm ³	12.80	5.20

The overall stoichiometry of the Winkler method dictates that 1 mole of dissolved O₂ corresponds to 4 moles of S₂O₃²⁻ used in the titration.

(a) Calculate the amount, in mol, of S₂O₃²⁻ used in the titration of the Day 0 water sample.

[1]

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(b) Determine the mass of dissolved oxygen, in mg, present in 1.00 dm³ of the Day 0 water sample (which is equivalent to ppm).

[3]

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(c) The initial dissolved oxygen concentration on Day 0 was 51.2 ppm. Use the titration data to calculate the dissolved oxygen on Day 5 and hence determine the BOD of the water sample.

[3]

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(d) Evaluate the quality of this water sample based on your calculated BOD value.

[1]

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2. A student investigates the relative reactivity of four unknown metals: W, X, Y, and Z. Strips of each metal are placed into 0.1 mol dm^{-3} aqueous solutions of the metal nitrates. The results are summarized in the data table below (\checkmark indicates a reaction occurred, \times indicates no reaction).

Metal / Solution	$\text{W}(\text{NO}_3)_2(\text{aq})$	$\text{XNO}_3(\text{aq})$	$\text{Y}(\text{NO}_3)_2(\text{aq})$	$\text{ZNO}_3(\text{aq})$
W(s)	-	\checkmark	\times	\checkmark
X(s)	\times	-	\times	\times
Y(s)	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark
Z(s)	\times	\checkmark	\times	-

(a) Deduce the order of reactivity of the four metals, from most reactive to least reactive.

[2]

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(b) Formulate the full balanced chemical equation for the reaction between metal W(s) and $\text{XNO}_3(\text{aq})$.

[2]

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(c) Identify which metal acts as the strongest reducing agent and justify your choice using the tabulated data.

[2]

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